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Executive Director

STATE INSTRUCTION NUMBER 15-04

To:

Local Area Signatory Officials

Local Area Administrators

Subject:

Impact of WIOA on Waivers Approved Under WIA

Issuance Date:

August 19, 2015

Effective Date:

July 1, 2015

Purpose: This guidance addresses the status of previously approved waivers under WIA.

<u>Background:</u> The waivers approved by the US Department of Labor (DOL) under WIA do not extend to WIOA, which has its own waiver authority. DOL conducted a waiver-by-waiver analysis to determine which approved waivers may remain in place for Program Year 2015 and which WIA waivers must be terminated on June 30, 2015 due to the effective date of WIOA provisions.

Policy: The attached listing provides:

- the WIA waivers that were effective in South Carolina for PY 2014;
- the current status of WIA waivers for PY 2015; and
- the flexibility WIOA offers specific to those waivers.

Note that several previously approved waivers may continue only if supported by PY 2014 funds that were obligated as of June 30, 2015. Local workforce development areas must adapt their use of WIA waivers to ensure compliance with the attached.

Action: Please ensure that all appropriate staff receive, understand, and adhere to this policy guidance.

<u>Inquiries:</u> Questions may be directed to Mary jo Schmick at <u>mschmick@dew.sc.gov</u> or 803-737-2708.

Patricia Sherlock
Patricia Sherlock, Director

Policies and Procedures

Attachment

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WIA Waiver Name	Description	PY 2015 Waiver Authority	WIOA Flexibility
Adult/Dislocated Worker Funds Transfer	Waiver of WIA Section 133(b)(4) to increase the allowable transfer amount between local Adult and DW funding streams from 20% to 50%.	Waiver may continue when used in support of activities funded through obligated WIA funds.	Local Board may transfer up to 100% of a program year allocation for adult activities, and up to 100% of a program year allocation for dislocated worker activities between the two programs. Before making any such transfer, Local Board must obtain Governor's written approval.
On-the-Job Training Employer Reimbursement Based on Business Size	Waiver of WIA Section 101(31)(B) to increase employer reimbursement for OJT based on size of the business: 1) up to 90% for employers with 50 or fewer employees, and 2) up to 75% for employers with 51-250 employees. For employers with more than 250 employees, the statutory requirement of up to 50% applies.	Waiver may continue when used in support of activities funded through obligated WIA funds.	Local Board may increase the reimbursement rate for OJT contracts up to 75%, when taking into account the following factors: 1) characteristics of participants taking into consideration whether they are "individuals with barriers to employment," as defined in WIOA sec. 3(24); 2) size of the employer, with an emphasis on small businesses; 3) quality of employer-provided training and advancement opportunities (e.g. OJT contract is for an in-demand occupation and will lead to an industry-recognized credential; and 4) other factors Local Board may determine to be appropriate, which may include number of employees participating, wage and benefit levels of employees (both at present and after completion), and relation of training to the competitiveness of the participant. Local Board must document the factors used when deciding
			to increase wage reimbursement levels above 50% up to 75%. Based on the above, Local Board must develop a policy regarding OJT reimbursement flexibility.
On-the-Job Training	Waiver of WIA Section	Waiver may continue when	Local Board may increase the reimbursement rate for OJT
Employer Reimbursement Based on Length of	101(31)(B) to increase employer reimbursement	used in support of activities funded through obligated	contracts up to 75%, when taking into account the following factors: 1) characteristics of participants taking into
Participant Unemployment	for OJT based on length of participant's unemployment: 1) up to	WIA funds.	consideration whether they are "individuals with barriers to employment," as defined in WIOA sec. 3(24); 2) size of the employer, with an emphasis on small businesses; 3) quality of
	90% for individuals		employer-provided training and advancement opportunities
	unemployed for 28 weeks		(e.g. OJT contract is for an in-demand occupation and will
1.0	or more, and 2) up to 75%	L	lead to an industry-recognized credential; and 4) other factors

	for individuals unemployed between 16-27 weeks. For individuals unemployed less than 16 weeks, the statutory requirement of up to 50% applies.		Local Board may determine to be appropriate, which may include number of employees participating, wage and benefit levels of employees (both at present and after completion), and relation of training to the competitiveness of the participant. Local Board must document the factors used when deciding to increase wage reimbursement levels above 50% up to 75%. Based on the above, Local Board must develop a policy regarding OJT reimbursement flexibility.
Employer Contribution for Customized Training	Waiver of WIA Section 101(8)(C) of the required 50% employer contribution for customized training based on size of the business: 1) no less than	Waiver may continue when used in support of activities funded through obligated WIA funds.	The employer pays for a significant cost of the training, as determined by the Local Board, taking into account the size of the employer and such other factors as the Local Board determines to be appropriate, which may include the number of employees participating in training, wage and benefit levels of those employees (at present and anticipated upon
	10% match for employers with 50 or fewer employees, and 2) no less than 25% match for employers with 51-250 employees. For employers		completion of training), relation of the training to the competitiveness of a participant, and other employer-provided training and advancement opportunities. If customized training will be utilized, the Local Board must develop a policy regarding employer cost of
	with more than 250 employees, the statutory requirement of 50% contribution applies.		Customized Training based on the above.
Local Funds for Incumbent Worker Training	Waiver of WIA Section 134(a) permitting use of local funds for IWT. Local Boards can use up to 10% of local adult and dislocated worker funds for IWT as part of a layoff aversion strategy only.	Waiver may continue when used in support of activities funded through obligated WIA funds.	Local Board can use up to 20% of adult and dislocated worker funds to provide for the federal share of the cost of providing Incumbent Worker training. Incumbent Worker training needs to take into account the following factors: The characteristics of the participants in the program; The relationship of the training to the competitiveness of a participant and the employer; and
	aversion snategy only.		Other factors the local board may determine appropriate (e.g., the number of employees participating in the training, wage and benefit levels of those employees (both pre- and post-participation earnings)), and the existence of

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Rapid Response Funds for Incumbent Worker	Waiver of WIA Section 134(a)(1)(A) to permit a	Waiver may continue when used in support of activities	other training and advancement opportunities provided by the employer). Employers are required to pay for a significant cost of the training; this can be done through cash and/or in-kind payments. The wages paid to participants, while in training, may be considered as a source of matching funds. Rules for matching funds are provided in the Uniform Guidance and DOL exceptions at 2 CFR 200.306 and 2 CFR 2900.8, respectively. The minimum amount of employer share in Incumbent Worker Training depends on the size of the employer: • At least 10% of the cost, for employers with 50 or fewer employees; • At least 25% of the cost, for employers with 51 to 100 employees; and • At least 50% of the cost, for employers with more than 100 employees. Incumbent Worker Training participants must be included in federal reporting. Therefore, IWT participants must be tracked in SCWOS. Rapid response funds may be used for layoff aversion activities that include developing and managing incumbent
Training	portion of the funds reserved for rapid response activities to be used for IWT. This waiver allows up to 20% of rapid response funds to be used for incumbent worker training as part of a layoff aversion strategy only.	funded through obligated WIA funds.	worker training programs or other worker up skilling approaches.
Collection and Reporting of Data for Locally-Funded	Waiver that allows states and local areas to	Approved waiver remains in place since new WIOA	
and Rapid Response- Funded Incumbent Worker Training	discontinue collection of 7 WIASRD reporting data elements for incumbent	reporting requirements will not be fully implemented until June 30, 2016.	
	workers.	1	

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ITAs for Older and Out-of-	Waiver of 20 CFR 664.510	Waiver may continue when	In order to enhance individual participant choice in their
School Youth	on the use of Individual	used in support of activities	education and training plans and provide flexibility to service
	Training Accounts (ITAs)	funded through obligated	providers, DOL allows WIOA ITAs for out-of-school youth,
	for older and out-of-school	WIA funds.	ages 18 to 24 using WIOA youth funds when appropriate.
	youth.		
Eligible Training Provider	Waiver of the provision at	Waiver expired on June 30,	Training providers previously eligible under WIA Title I will
List Initial Eligibility	20 CFR 663.530 that	2015.	be subject to the application procedure for continued
	prescribes a time limit on		eligibility at the end of the transition period which may
	the period of initial		extend up to December 31, 2015, or an earlier date as
	eligibility for training		determined by the Governor.
	providers.		
Common Measures	Waiver of WIA Section	Approved waiver remains	
	136(b) to permit the State	in place since new WIOA	
	to replace the 17 WIA	reporting requirements will	
	performance measures with	not be fully implemented	
	the 9 common measures.	until June 30, 2016.	